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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/638,216		08/07/2003	Malcolm MacQuoid	2179.PACI.NP	3331	
27472	7590	06/22/2005		EXAMINER		
RANDALL B. BATEMAN				EL ARINI, ZEINAB		
	N IP LAW			L	B . B . B . W . L . B . B . B	
8 EAST B	ROADWA	Y, SUITE 550	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
PO BOX 1	319		1746			
SALT LA	KE CITY,	UT 84110	DATE MAILED: 06/22/2005			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	n No	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summa	an/	10/638,21	6 	MACQUOID, MALCOLM					
Office Action Summe	ar y	Examiner		Art Unit					
The MAILING DATE of this co	ommunication and	Zeinab E. I		1746					
Period for Reply	mmanioution upp		oover shoot with the	oorrespondence daaress -					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PER THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COM - Extensions of time may be available under the p after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of i - If the period for reply specified above is less tha - If NO period for reply is specified above, the ma - Failure to reply within the set or extended period Any reply received by the Office later than three earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.	MMUNICATION. provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: this communication. n thirty (30) days, a reply ximum statutory period for reply will, by statute months after the mailing	36(a). In no eve y within the statu will apply and wil , cause the appli	nt, however, may a reply be ti tory minimum of thirty (30) da expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron cation to become ABANDONI	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communica ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ition.				
Status									
1) Responsive to communication	n(s) filed on								
2a)☐ This action is FINAL .		– action is no	on-final.						
3) Since this application is in cor	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
closed in accordance with the	practice under E	x parte Qua	ayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims									
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are pending i	n the application	•							
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>22</u> is	s/are withdrawn f	rom conside	eration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed	l.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-21 and 23-25</u> is/an									
7) Claim(s) is/are.objecte 8) Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> are subject to re		ologtion rog	iromont						
Claim(s) <u>1-23</u> are subject to the	estriction and/or t	election req	diferment.						
Application Papers				•					
9) The specification is objected to	by the Examine	er.							
	•		objected to by the						
Applicant may not request that a		- , ,	•	• •					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) in 11) The oath or declaration is objective.	_	· ·	=	•	• •				
	cied to by the Ex	Carriller. 140	ic the attached Office	s Action of format 10-132.	•				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119									
12) Acknowledgment is made of a	-	priority und	er 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	ı)-(d) or (f).					
a) All b) Some * c) Non		- 6							
1. ☐ Certified copies of the p2. ☐ Certified copies of the p				ion No					
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 									
application from the Inte	· ·	-							
* See the attached detailed Offic	e action for a list	of the certif	ed copies not receiv	ed.					
Attachment(s)			л П	(272.446)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing References.	eview (PTO-948)		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-	•		5) Notice of Informal I	Patent Application (PTO-152)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date U.S. Patent and Trademark Office			6)						
PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)	Office Ac	tion Summar	1	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 062	2005 1				

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claims 1-21 and 23-25 classified in class 134, subclass 6.
 - II. Claim 22, drawn to a method for manufacturing coconut coir pellets, classified in class 47, and subclass 9.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

2. Inventions II and I are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of

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operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions having different functions, different effects, and different modes of operation.

- 3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 4. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 5. During a telephone conversation with Mr. Randall Bateman on 6/15/05 a provisional election was made with

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traverse to prosecute the invention of Group, claims 1-21 and 23-25. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claim 22 is withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

7. Claims 11, 21, and 23-25 are rejected under 35
U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for
failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the
subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

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In claim 11, line 1, "the pellet size" lacks antecedent basis.

In claim 21, line 2, "roughly" is indefinite term.

Claim 23 is incomplete, because positive steps for cleaning up spilled liquid have not been recited.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 9. Claims 1-5, 7-10, and 13-20 are rejected under 35U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Silva (6,391,120).

Silva discloses a method for treating fluid spills on solid surfaces such as highways, concrete slabs and soil

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(col. 2, lines 10-18). The method comprises placing a biodegradable absorbent material selected from a group consisting of peat moss and coconut coir onto a roadway, and removing the absorbent from the hard surface, and disposing the absorbent as claimed (col. 3, lines 42-45, col. 1, lines 35, 38-43.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

11. Claims 6, 11-12, 21, and 23-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Silva.

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12. Silva as discussed supra does not teach the percentage of the coconut coir in the pellets, the diameter of the pellet, and the coconut coir pellet comprises a fire retardant as claimed.

It would have been obvious for one skilled in the art to adjust the amount of coconut coir, and the size of the pellets in the Silva process to obtain the claimed process. This is because using smaller size of the pellets will enhance removing the fluid spills from the surface by covering larger area of the surface to be treated. The limitation of the coconut coir pellets comprise a fire retardant is inherent in Silva process.

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Claims 1-4, 6-11, 13-21, and 23-25 are provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over copending Application No. 10/419,060 which has a common inventor with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the copending application, it would constitute prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) if published or patented. This provisional rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) is based upon a presumption of future publication or patenting of the conflicting application. MacQuoid et al. disclose a method for treating fluid spills, method for transporting coconut coir, and method for cleaning up spilled liquid from hard surfaces. The reference discloses using coconut coir as a biodegradable absorbent material, the pellets, the amount

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of the coconut coir in the pellets, the disposing step, and the diameter of the pellets as claimed. See page 1, paragraphs 5, 15-17, and claims 1-3, 24-25, and 28-30.

13. The process as claimed in both application are functionally equivalent.

This provisional rejection might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the copending application was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by a showing of a date of invention for the instant application prior to the effective U.S. filing date of the copending application under 37 CFR 1.131. This rejection might also be overcome by showing that the copending application is disqualified under 35

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U.S.C. 103(c) as prior art in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.

103(a). See MPEP § 706.02(I)(1) and § 706.02(I)(2).

Double Patenting

14. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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15. Claims 15, and 23-25 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 28-30 of copending Application No. 10/419,060. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the process in both applications is functionally equivalent.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Zeinab E. EL-Arini whose telephone number is (571) 272-

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1301. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Barr can be reached on (571) 272-1414. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Zeinab Elarini Zeinab E. EL-Arini Primary Examiner Art Unit 1746

ZEE

06/20/05